

- 1) Calf Rearing: development and feeding
- 2) The 1 KG Growth Program

Questions



- 1. How much can a calf grow in the first 10-12 Weeks? (what is our goal?)
- 2. How much kg Calf Milk Replacer do we have to give? When (begin-middel-end)? (Feeding schedule 30-40-50-60-70 kg CMR, or ad lib?
- 3. How much solid feed can a calf eat at week 3, 5 and 7 per day.
- 4. What is the optimal concentration of CMR and water in milk?



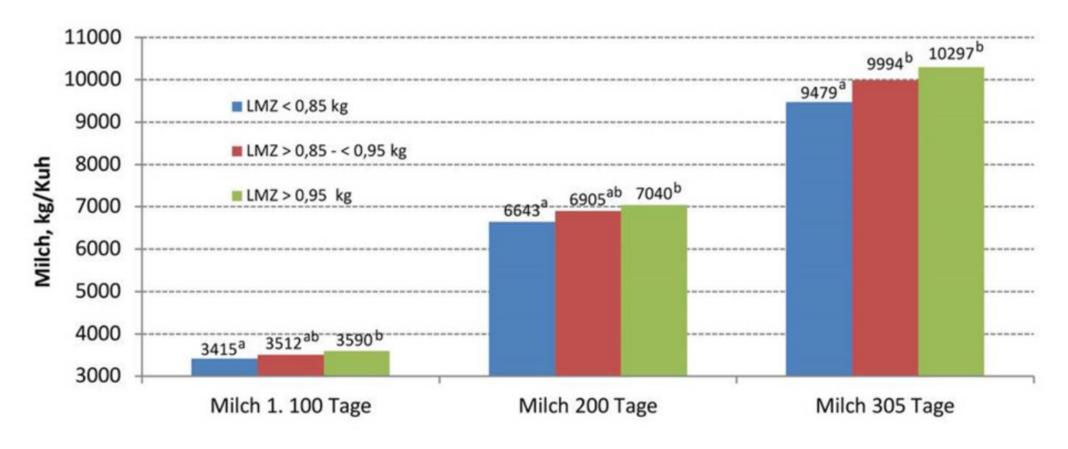
Extra growth of young calves is positive correlated with future milk production in 1. and 2. Lactation:



Authors	year	Diff. Milk kg
Foldager and Krohn	1994	1.402
Foldager et al.	1997	518
Bar-Peled et al.	1997	453
Ballard et al.	2005	700
Rincker et al.	2006	499
Moallem et al.	2006	1.134
Drackley et al.	2007	835

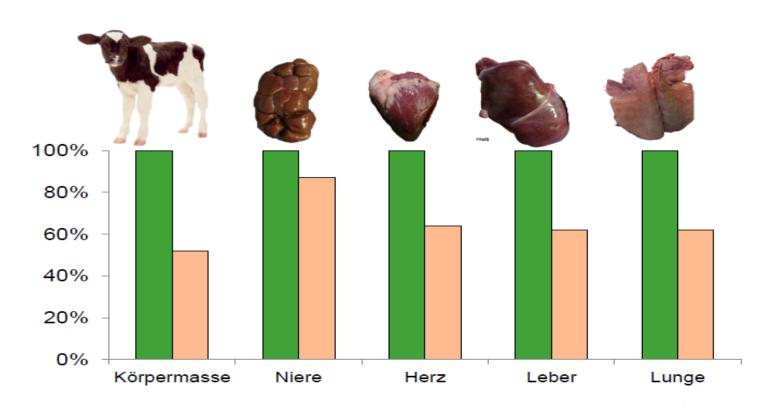
Young calves: Influence ADG on milk production in first lactation





Organ growth





Wachstumsminderung bei verminderten Zunahmen:

Kälber bis 50. Lebenstag

■ intensiv

■ restriktiv

(nach Fiebig et. al 1985)





Trial: CMR with 45% SMP and no SMP Normal (35kg) vs intensive (50kg) feeding schedule

Effects on growth and solid feed intake

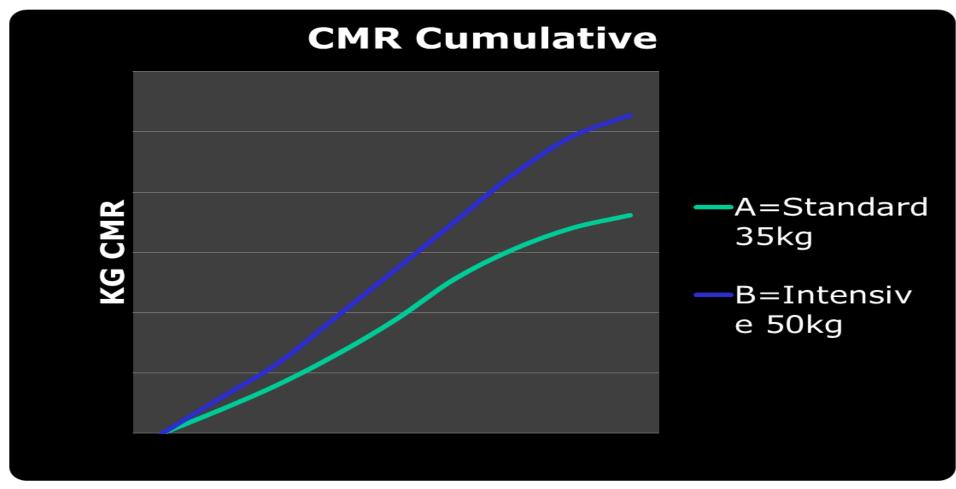
Feeding schedule in liters CMR/day: 140 g/L CMR



WK	Group 1 35 kg CMR	Group 2+3 50 kg CMR
1	4	6
2	4,5	6
3	5	7
4	5,5	7,5
5	6	8
6	5	8
7	4	6
8	2	4
9	0	0
10	0	0

CMR intake cumulative





Live weight in kg



WK	Group 1 35 kg CMR	Group 2 50 kg CMR	Group 3 50 kg (0%)
0	52.4	52.4	52.5
2	56.6	58.5	59.5
4	67.7	71.4	71.4
6	78.3	84.0	85.3
8	92.9	97.8	99.3
12	123.1	131.2	131.8
n=	36	35	36

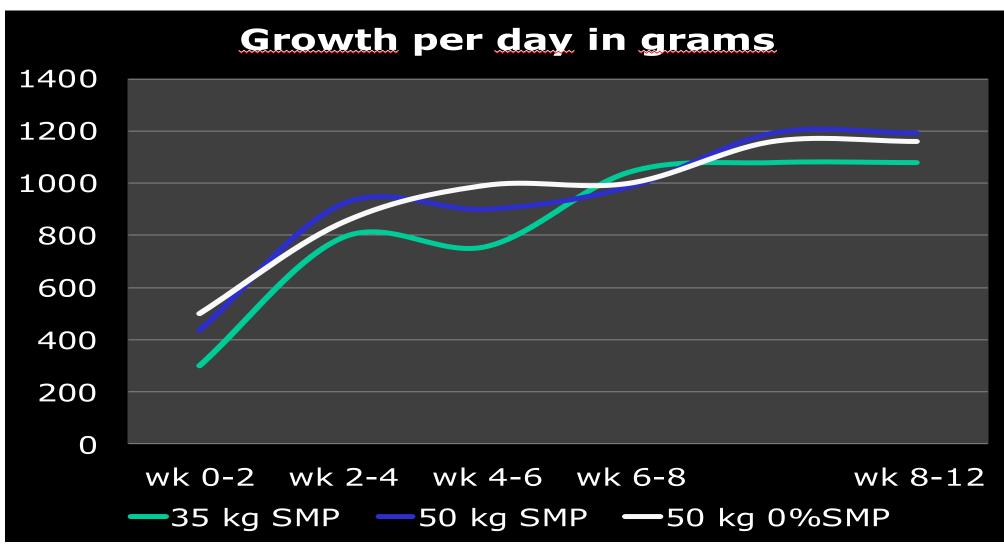
Growth in grams/day per period



WK	Group 1 35kg CMR	Group 2 50kg CMR	Group 3 50kg (0%) CMR
0-2	300	436	500
2-4	792	921	850
4-6	757	900	992
6-8	1043	986	1000
8-12	1079	1192	1160
n=	36	35	36
0-8 wks	723	873	900
0-12 wks	839	938	946

Growth day/grams





Remarks



- Best Bodyweight at 8 and 12 weeks with 50 kg CMR's
- More intensive feeding schedule resulted in better growth in all periods
- 15kg more CMR results in 8 kg more bodyweight
- No compensatory growth after weaning
- "Good" CMR without SMP gives similar results as CMR with 45% SMP
- Growth-curve depression at 4-6wks for the group 35kg CMR

Calves from 1-10 Weeks



- Feed conversion from CMR?
- Feed conversion from solid feed
- How much solid feed intake (including 10-15% Straw/Structure)

Calves from 1-10 Weeks

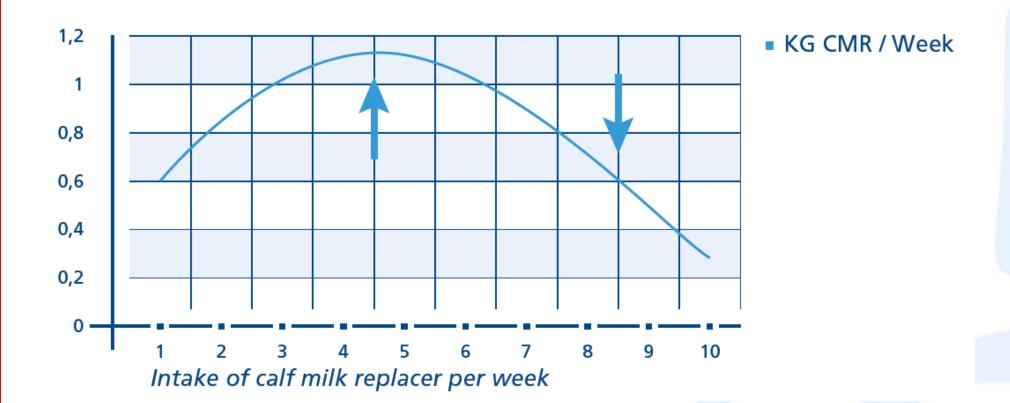


- Feed conversion from CMR?
- Feed conversion from solid feed?
- How much solid feed intake (including 10-15% Straw/Structure)?

- 1,7 kg CMR for 1 kg growth
- 4,5 kg Solid Feed for 1 kg growth
- Limited solid feed intake:
 - Week 5 500gr/day
 - Week 7 1000gr/day
 - Week 11

CMR Feeding schedule: 55 kg





Intensive Start: first 5 Weeks

Reducing CMR: from 6 Weeks stimulates solid feed intake

Solid feed intake is limited! (Big variation)



Solide feed intake

per Day
(kg)

<u>Cumulative</u> (kg)

W1

W2

W3

W4

W5

W6

W7

W8

W9

W10

W11

Solid feed intake is limited! (Big variation)

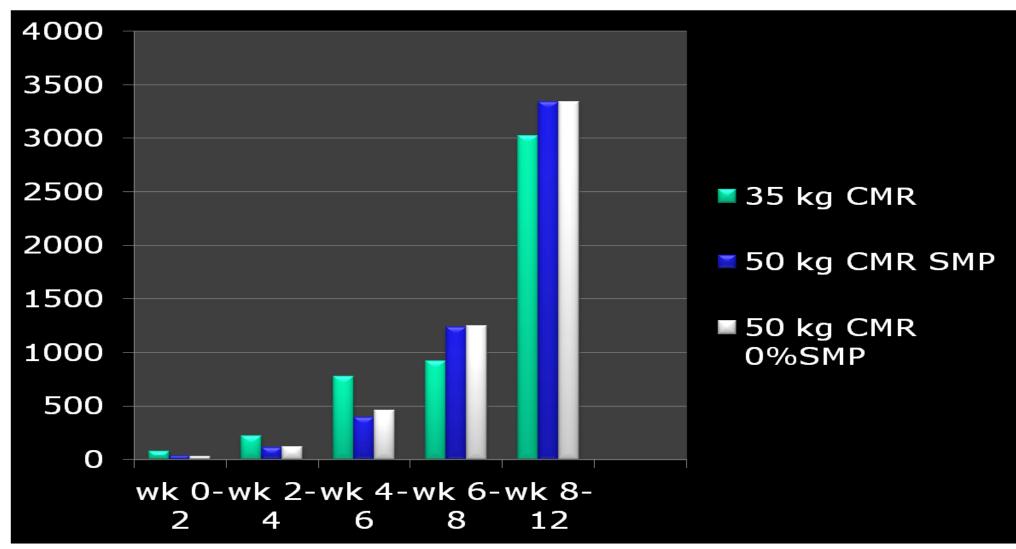


Solide feed intake

	per Day	<u>Cumulative</u>
	(kg)	(kg)
14/4	0.03	0.2
W1	0,03	0,2
W2	0,215	1,7
W3	0,30	3,7
W4	0,425	6,7
W5	0,570	11
W6	0,700	17
W7	1,0	25
W8	1,7	37,5
W9	2,5	57,5
W10	3,5	85
W11	4	115

Solid feed intake day/grams





Solid feed intake kg/period



WK	Group 1 35 kg SMP	Group 2 50 kg SMP	Group 3 50 kg 0% SMP
0-2	1,1	0,5	0,4
2-4	3,1	1,6	1,7
4-6	10,9	5,5	6,4
6-8	12,9	17,3	17,5
8-12	84,6	93,5	93,5
n=	36	35	36
0-8 wks	28	26	24,9
0-12 wks	112,6	118,4	119,5

Remarks



- No difference in solid-feed intake between CMR with or without SMP
- From week 6 onwards no positive effect on solid feed intake with lower CMR gift. Even more solid feed intake at higher CMR schedules
- Higher growers eat more solid feed!

Feeding schedules



- Effect on growth and solid feed intake
- More growth first 10 weeks gives more milk in 1st. and 2nd lactation
 → investment will be payed back!!
- Higher concentration up to 140-150 g/Liter Milk
 (is 150CMR+850 Water. 150g CMR + 1L Water is 130g/Liter Milk)
- Better growth before weaning gives better growth after weaning too
- More CMR = healthier calves at week 4. \rightarrow less Lung problems, less Antibiotics!
- Better growth first 4-5 weeks stimulates solid feed intake after weaning
- Reducing feeding schedule after week 5 stimulates solid feed intake.
 No ad lib CMR after 6 weeks of age.
- Weaning before week 8 is not good. Calves are not fysiological ready to live without CMR, too much stress during after weaning. → growth dip.

Trial: Solid Feed intake in gram/day



Week	A=Standard 125g/L		
0-2	150	92	157
2-4	342	300	364
4-6	842	1135	920
6-8	2435	2628	2520
8-11	3176	3290	3319

- Solid Feed intake in first 4 weeks not above 400 g/day → ? g/growth
- Intensive feeding in first 5 weeks results in higher growth and and beter solid feed intake





Trial: Comparison of feeding schedules, intensive start and differences in concentration

Different feeding schedules



- A: **Standard Schils** = 140g+1000g water = *125 gram CMR*/1000gram milk
- B: Intensive start/Kunz-Plan = Start 160g+1000g and more liters, afterwards 120g +1000g and less liters
- C:Like **A however 160g+1000g** water = *140*g CMR/1000g milk

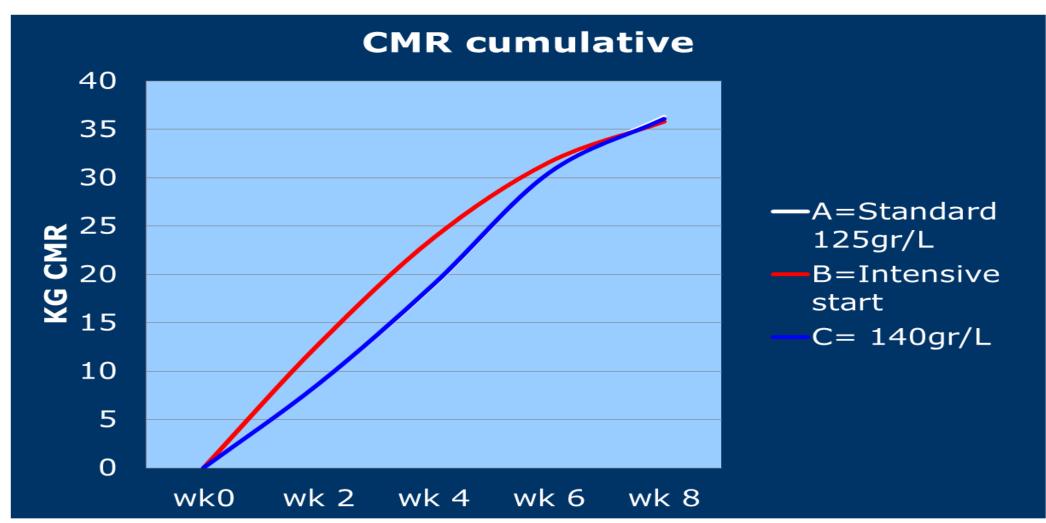
Feeding schedule per group



		Α			В			С	
Day	Conc g+1L	Liter water	Kg CMR	Conc g+1L	Liter water	Kg CMR	Conc g+1L	Liter water	Kg CMR
1-5	140	4	3	160	5-6	5	160	3,5	3
6-25	140	4-6	17	160	6	22	160	3,5-5,4	17
26-35	140	6	25	120	6-4	29	160	5,4-5,2	25
36-56	140	6-2	37	120	4-2	37	160	5,2-1,8	37

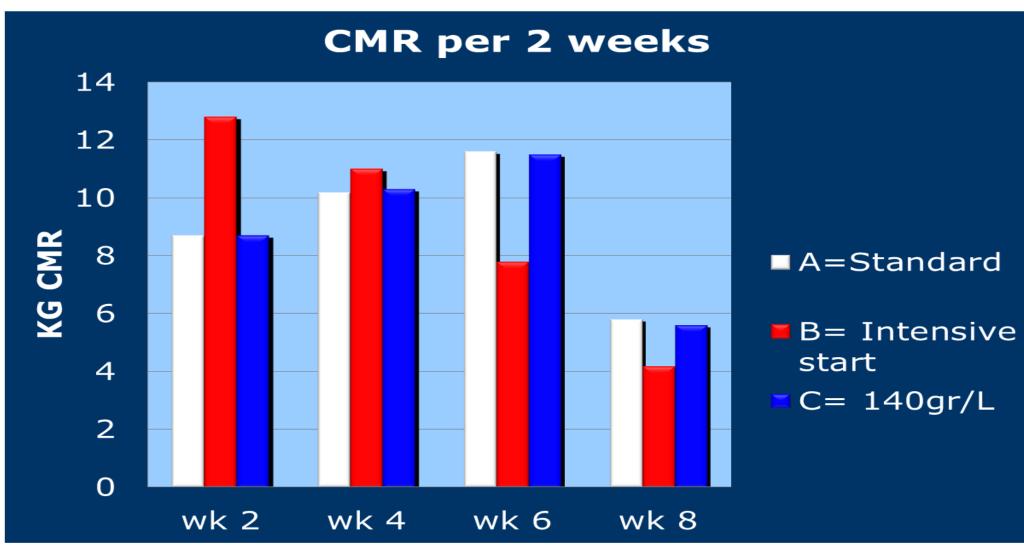
Intake milk replacer





CMR intake per 2 weeks





Trial conditions



- One CMR in different feeding schedules. All with 37kg CMR.
- Calf Milk Eurolac SMP25
- Ad Libitum intake solid feed (concentrated feed + straw)
- 40 calves per group (2*20 calves), ca. 46 kg

Live weight (kg)



WK	A=Standard 125g/L milk	B=Intensive start	C=140g/L
0	46,5	46,1	46,2
2	51,3	53,8	51,6
4	60,4	62,1	60,5
6	70,8	74,1	73,4
8	90,1	92,9	93,2
11	110,8	114,5	113,7

Weight calves (kg)





Increase gram/day

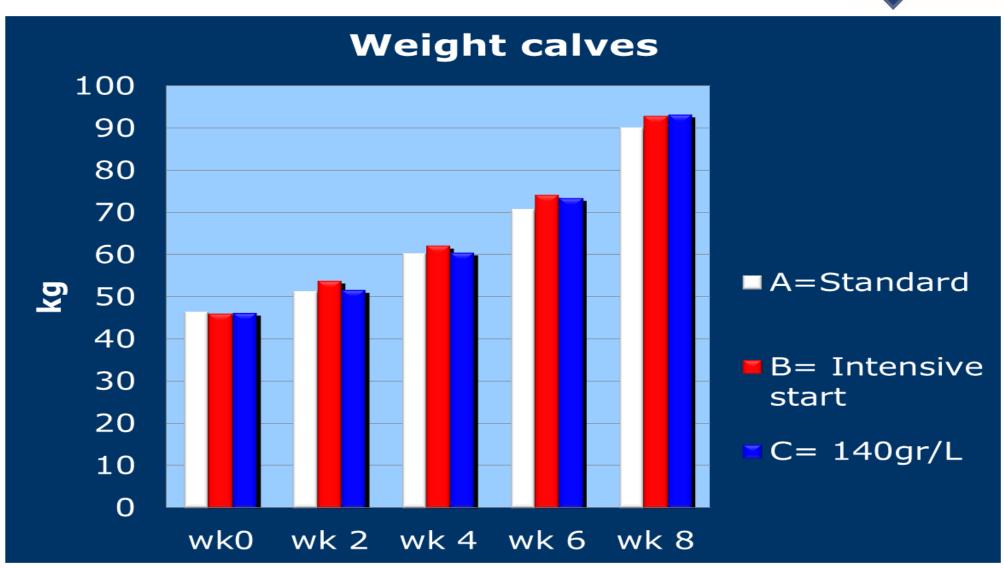


WK	A=Standard 125g/L milk	B=Intensive start	C=140g/L milk
0			
2	320	513	360
4	700	638	685
6	693	800	860
8	1287	1253	1320
11	1150	1200	1139

- Group B larger increase first 4 weeks
- Group B and C larger increase 4-8 weeks

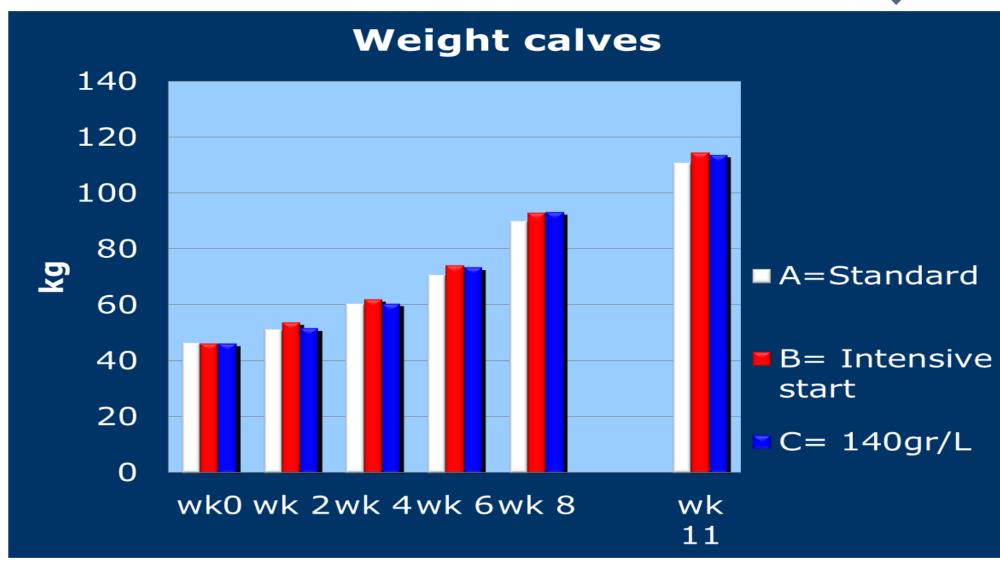
Weight calves (kg)





Weight calves (kg)





Veterinary treatments (%)

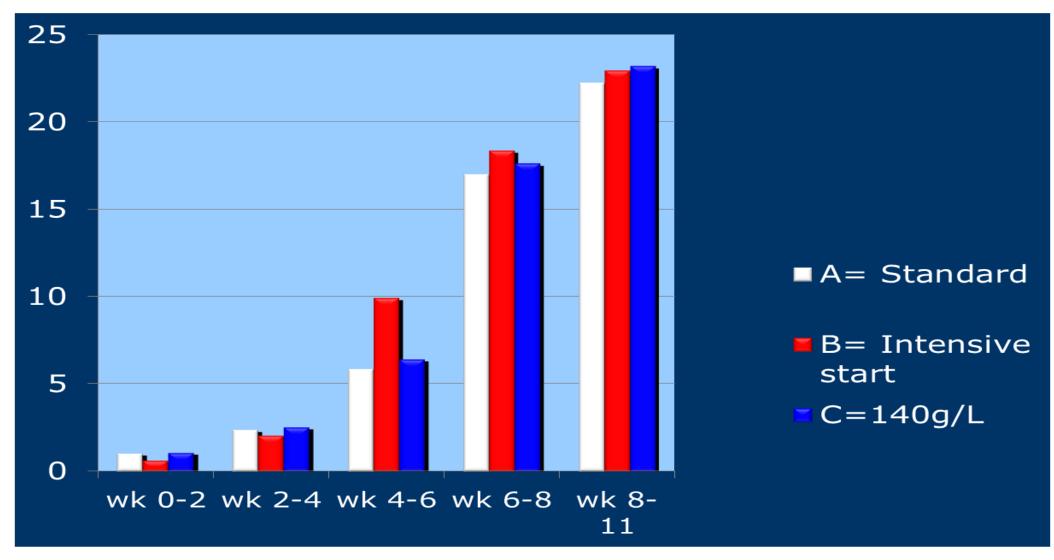


	A=Standard 125g/L milk	B=Intensive start	C=140g/L milk
Intestines	0%	9%	6%
Lungs	53%	35%	44%
Other	6%	0%	6%

Group B and C more faeces deviations and fewer lung problems

Solid feed intake per week (kg)





Solid feed intake (g/day)



WK	A=Standard 125g/L	B=Intensive start	C=140g/L milk
0-2	150	92	157
0-4	342	300	364
4-6	842	1135	920
6-8	2435	2628	2520
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- Earlier intake solid feed: group B, intensified start
- Also earlier intake solid feed: 140g/L milk

Conclusions/recommendations



- First 4 weeks intensive fed calves, 25% more CMR (24kg versus 19kg)
 - → 2 kg larger increase in weight
- First 4 weeks intensive fed calves or with 140g/L, resulted in thinner faeces, however no decrease in weight (limite intestinal tract reached?)
- The experimental group, which were given more calf milk in the first 4 weeks, didn't eat as much solid feed at the beginning, but afterwards their intake of solid feed was even higher
- Calves that were fed with higher concentrations of CMR showed no distinction the first 4 weeks; afterwards even more solid feed intake and increase in weight.
- And, at the start, intensified CMR feeding schedule (and/or with more g/liter) brings benefit.

Which feeding schedule do we recommend?



- A feeding schedule exists out of 3 phases:
 - Directly after birth up to maximal feed intake
 - Weight at birth number of feedings per day
 - Maximal feed intake per day
 - What is the goal: maximal growth or saving feed cost?
 - Weaning phase
 - Compare energy: how many kg of compound feed are equal to 1 kg of CMR?

Recommended feeding schedule



Week	Powder gram in L	Liter/meal	Feeding / day	Grams / Day	Cumulative usage (KG)	Remark
	Colostrum	1,50*	Up to 4 times			Quick, quality, quantity
1	140	1,50	3	630	2,5	From day 5: water
2	140	2,75	2	770	8,0	Water, concentrate
3	140	3,75	2	1050	15,0	Water, concentrate, hay/straw
4	140	4	2	1120	23,0	Water, concentrate, hay/straw
5	140	4	2	1120	31,0	Water, concentrate, hay/straw
6	140	3,50	2	980	38,0	Water, concentrate, hay/straw
7	140	3	2	840	44,0	Water, concentrate, hay/straw
8	140	2,50	2	700	49,0	Water, concentrate, hay/straw
9	140	2	2	560	53,0	Water, concentrate, hay/straw
10	140	2	1	280	54	Water, concentrate, hay/straw

* Intake of calf milk replacer per week. ** The feeding schedule is a recommendation. The development and the condition of the animals is the most important indicator.

Guidelines Feeding Schedule



- >1KG CMR a day as soon as possible.
 Otherwise, the calf wil lose growth potential and health, and solid feed intake potential
- Higher concentrations per liter can help

After week 6-7, less CMR can stimulate solid feed intake

Take-home messages



What is the Schils 1Kg Growth Program:

- A calf has the potential to growth 1 kg per day the first 10 Weeks
- 1KG of CMR a day as soon as possible
- Solid feed intake is limited: (Week 3 ± 300gr, KW5 ± 500gr)
 Calf must grow from CMR in the first week!
- The first 6 weeks should feed the calves intensive CMR
- More and good CMR will be payed back in first and second lactation
- More growth from CMR first 6 weeks results in calves that will eat more soild feed after weaning

Questions?





